

Thermal Mass Flowmeter

for compressed air and gases



measuring

monitoring

analysing



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Description

The flowmeter of the series KMT, based on the measurement principle of thermal mass flow, is ideally suited for the measurement of flow of compressed air and gases in pipes with sizes from DN15...DN700. Measurement of for instance the usage of compressed air, nitrogen, CO_2 , helium or other non-corrosive, non-flammable gases.

The KMT is setting new standards in terms of measurement accuracy and reproducibility thanks to its application specific adjustment during production. This flowmeter is adjusted under a pressure of 7 bar (abs) (DN15...DN50) or 9 bar (abs) (DN65...DN700). Adjusting the device specifically for its application has the advantage of keeping the actual flow speed in the pipeline low even with very large flow quantities. Thanks to the more stable flow profile, this low flow speed facilitates a much better degree of reproducibility and accuracy than if the device were adjusted conventionally under normal pressure, as flow speeds up to 200 Nm/s can often no longer be controlled under conventional adjustment pressures.

The core design of the flowmeter is based on the hot film sensor element, which is produced using the most modern thin film technology and has already proven itself time and time again in the automotive industry. This flow sensor features excellent long-term stability, a fast response time and an extremely high degree of reliability.

Two outputs are available, for further processing of the measurement data. Depending on the application, these outputs can be configured as analogue (current or voltage), switch output or as pulse output for the measurement of the consumption.

The KMT has an integrated counter for consumption. The consumed amount is shown on the display and the saved value is not lost even after power outage. The availability of the consumption amount as a free configurable pulse output is another helpful feature.

Functions

The flowmeter KMT consist of the transmitter and the mounting valve (only for KMT-1/2/3). The transmitter is modular and consist of the probe and the signal conditioner. The measurement probe contains the sensor element and the measurement electronics, in which the data of the factory calibration is stored. The enclosure with the signal conditioning is mounted either on the measurement probe (compact) or is remote with a sensor cable up to 10 meter (33 feet). The mounting valve assembly for KMT-1/2/3 allows for the easy and reliable installation within the pipeline. The high measurement accuracy is guaranteed by the accurate, reproducible positioning of the probe within the mounting valve. (See design KMT-1/2/3).

Non-return protection for secure mounting for KMT-4

The non-return protection combines three functions in one device:

• Non-return protection

The sensor can only be pushed in one direction during installation. The sensor cannot return at all, even if it is released.

Seal

By means of an encapsulated O-ring, no compressed air can escape under pressure during assembly.

Precise positioning

The precise positioning with respect to immersion depth and orientation is easy to perform, guaranteeing accurate measurement results.

For optimum adaptation to different measurement tasks, you can choose between two measuring ranges 0.2...100 or 0.2...200 Nm/s and three different probe lengths with a maximum immersion depth of 165/315/465 mm. The inner diameter of the distribution pipe which is measured can be entered via the USB port and the included configuration software for pipe sizes from DN65 to DN300.

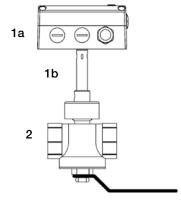
An optional tapping sleeve for KMT-4 allows the subsequent assembly of the sensor into existing pipelines, and this without interrupting the supply systems.

Areas of Application

- Measurement of consumption of compressed air
- Compressed air counter
- Mass flow measurement of industrial gases

Design KMT-1/2/3

- 1 Transmitter
 - 1 a Enclosure with signal conditioning and optional display
 - **1 b** Measurement probe with sensor and measurement electronics
- 2 Mounting ball valve

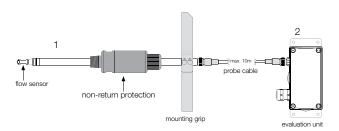


The ball valve assembly allows for the exact alignment of the sensing head within seconds during instalment and removal, with only interrupting the process flow for a short moment. The ball valve assembly is suitable for pressures up to 16 bar (PN16) and available for pipe diameters DN15 (1/2") to DN50 (2"). During installation in the pipeline, observe the required inlet and outlet paths as given in the operating instructions.



Design KMT-4

The evaluation electronics communicates digitally with the probe and can be located up to 10 m (32.8 ft) from the probe.



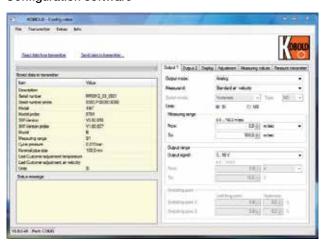
Assembly KMT-4 (DN 65 ... DN 300)

With the right accessories, the KMT-4 flowmeter can be easily integrated into any measurement task.

An assembly without welding and drilling into the pressurised supply line and without flow interruption can be implemented very easily with the tapping sleeve.

An optional ½" ball valve on the tapping sleeve enables the installation and removal of the sensor without interrupting the flow in the compressed air line. The ball valve on the tapping sleeve closes the measuring point pressure-tight after removing the flowmeter. Regular calibration, without taking into account the device downtime, is therefore always an option.

Configuration software



The flowmeter can be configured conveniently, to meet the requirements of the application with the standard configuration software and the integrated USB interface.

Functionality

- Configuration of the output (scale/set point)
- · Setting the pipe diameter
- 2-point user calibration for flow and temperature
- · Readout of the counter values
- · Reset of min / max values and counter
- Indication of the measurement value



Measurement of consumption (totaliser)

The KMT holds an integrated counter for the usage. The amount is stored and the data will not be lost due to a power outage. The availability of the consumption amount as a free configurable pulse output is another helpful feature.





Technical Data

Measured flow: volumetric flow at standard

conditions acc. DIN 1343 $P_0 = 1013.25 \text{ mbar};$ $t_0 = 0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (273.15 \text{ K})$

Measuring range		KMT-x1 KMT-x2.	
	DN15	0.3263 Nm ³ /h	0.32 126 Nm ³ /h
	DN 20	0.57 113 Nm ³ /h	0.57 226 Nm ³ /h
Standardised	DN 25	0.90176 Nm ³ /h	0.90352 Nm³/h
volumetric flow (air)	DN 32	1.45289 Nm ³ /h	1.45578 Nm³/h
	DN 40	2.26452 Nm ³ /h	2.26904 Nm ³ /h
	DN 50	3.50700 Nm ³ /h	3.50 1400 Nm ³ /h
Standardised flow (air, nitrogen, CO ₂ , argon)	≤DN 50	0.5100 Nm/s	0.5200 Nm/s
Standardised flow (Helium)	≤DN 50	0.5100 Nm/s	0.5 120 Nm/s
Standardised flow (Oxygen)	≤DN 25	0.5100 Nm/s	0.5 200 Nm/s

Flow measuring range in dependence on pipe diameter (KMT-4)

Pipe Inner		Inner	Measuring range			
Pip.		Ø	KMT-41	KMT-42		
	inch	mm	0.2100 Nm/s	0.2200 Nm/s		
DN 65	2½"	70.3	2.81397 Nm³/h	2.82793 Nm³/h		
DN 80	3"	82.5	3.81923 Nm³/h	3.83847 Nm³/h		
DN 100	4"	107.1	6.53242 Nm³/h	6.5 6483 Nm³/h		
DN 125	5"	131.7	9.84902 Nm³/h	9.89803 Nm³/h		
DN 150	6"	159.3	14.37171 Nm³/h	14.314343 Nm³/h		
DN 200	8"	206.5	24.112051 Nm³/h	24.124101 Nm³/h		
DN 250	10"	260.4	38.319163 Nm³/h	38.338325 Nm³/h		
DN 300	12"	309.7	54.227 105 Nm³/h	57.857840 Nm³/h		
DN 350	14"	339.6	65.232591 Nm³/h	65.265 183 Nm ³ /h		
DN 400	16"	388.8	85.442719 Nm³/h	85.485 438 Nm³/h		
DN 500	20"	486	133.566749 Nm³/h	133.5133498 Nm³/h		
DN 600	24"	585	193.496712 Nm³/h	193.4193425 Nm³/h		
DN 700	28"	682.6	263.4131675 Nm³/h	263.4263350 Nm ³ /h		

Accuracy (in air at 7bar (abs) (and 23°C for

KMT-1/2/3 i.e. \leq DN 50)*: $\pm 1.5\%$ of reading

+0.5% of full scale

Accuracy (in air at 9 bar (abs) (and 23 °C for KMT-4

i.e. DN65...DN300)*: ±1.5% of reading

+0.8% of full scale

Temperature coefficient: ±0.1 % of reading /°C

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Pressure coefficient**:} & +0.5\,\%/\mbox{bar} \\ \mbox{Response time } t_{90} \mbox{:} & <1\,\mbox{s} \\ \mbox{Sample rate:} & 0.5\,\mbox{s} \end{array}$

Measuring range: -20...80°C Accuracy (at 20°C): ±0.7°C

Input: optional pressure compensation

4 - 20 mA (2-wire; 14.2 ... 16 V_{DC})

for pressure sensor
Outputs: output signal and display

Analogue output

Voltage: 0 - 10 V max. 1 mA

Current (3-wire): 0 - 20 mA and

4 - 20 mA RL < 500 Ω

ranges are freely scalable

Switching output: potential-free max. 44 V_{DC} , 500 mA switching capacity

Pulse output: totaliser,

pulse length: 0.02...2 sec.

Digital interface: USB (for configuration)
Electrical connection: Cable entry M16x1.5

Cable power supply: 18 - 30 V_{AC/DC}

Current consumption: max. 200 mA (with display)

Temperature range

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Ambient temperature:} & -20 \dots 60 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C (-4 \dots 140 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{F})} \\ \mbox{Medium temperature:} & -20 \dots 80 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C (-4 \dots 176 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{F})} \\ \mbox{Storage temperature:} & -20 \dots 60 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{C (-4 \dots 140 \ ^{\circ}\mbox{F})} \\ \end{array}$

Nominal pressure: PN16 (232 PSI)
Humidity: no condensation
Medium: compressed air or non corrosive gases

Display: 2 lines LC-Display, backlighting

Electromagnetic

compatibility: EN61326-1 Industrial

Environment, EN61326-2-3

Material

Housing: metal (AlSi₃Cu)
Probe: stainless steel
Sensor head: stainless steel/glass

Ball valve

(KMT-1/2/3): brass

Non-return protection

(KMT-4): brass

Housing protection class: IP65/Nema 4

 * The accuracy statement includes the uncertainty of the factory calibration with an enhancement factor k = 2 (2-times standard deviation). The accuracy was culated in accordance with EA-4/02 and with regard to GUM (Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement).

^{**}The pressure dependence is +0.5%/bar. The KMT is calibrated at 7 bar (abs). Thus the error at 7 bar = 0 (e. g. additional error at 10 bar = +1.5% of reading. This error can be corrected by entering the actual system pressure (with the configuration software).

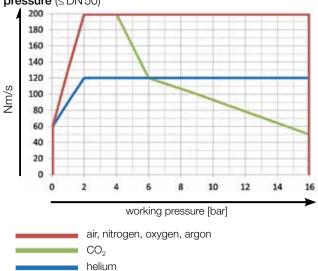


The following gases can be measured by the flowmeter KMT

- Air
- Nitrogen
- Carbon dioxide
- Helium
- Argon
- Oxygen

Use only oil and fat free units for medium oxygen and follow the corresponding safety regulations.

Flow measuring range in dependence on working pressure ($\leq DN50$)



Formula to calculate the standard volumetric flow

 $\dot{V}_0 = V_0 x id^2 x \pi/4 x 3600$

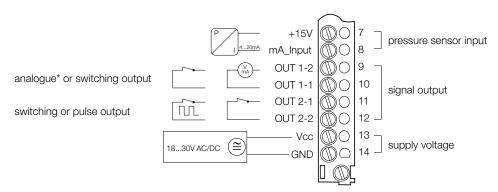
 \dot{V}_0 = standardised volumetric flow [m³/h]

 V_0 = standardised flow [m/s]

id = inner pipe diameter [m]

 $\pi = 3.1415$

Connection Diagram



^{*} With analogue output OUT 1-1 is connected with GND. Switching and pulse output are potential-free



Order Details (Example: KMT-1 14 R 0 0 L 1 N Q 1)

Model	Measuring range / Installation length (only KMT-4)	Connection	Display	Cable length Sensor / Electronic
	14 = 0.32 63 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 15 (½") 24 = 0.32 126 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 15 (½")			
KMT-1 Sensor compact, direction of flow from right to left	15 = 0.57 113 Nm³/h for pipe DN 20 (¾")	1		
	25 = 0.57 226 Nm³/h for pipe DN 20 (¾")	1		
	16 = 0.90 176 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 25 (1")	R = thread-ball valve with G thread N ³⁾ = thread-ball		
KMT-2 Sensor compact,	26 = 0.90 352 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN25 (1")			
direction of flow	17 = 1.45 289 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 32 (1 ½")			
from left to right	27 = 1.45 578 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 32 (1 ½")	valve with		
KMT-3	18 = 2.26 452 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 40 (1 ½")	NPT thread		
remote probe, according to	28 = 2.26 904 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 40 (1 ½")	1		
installation (≤DN50)	19 = 3.50700 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN50 (2")	1		
	29 = 3.501400 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN50 (2")	†		
	(see technical details for flow measuring range in dependence on pipe diameter)			
	10 = 2.8 1397 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 65 (2½")/165 mm]		$0 = \text{without}$ $2^{1} = 2 \text{ m with}$
	20 = 2.8 2793 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 65 (2½")/165 mm]		
	1B = 3.8 1923 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 80 (3")/165 mm]		
	2B = 3.83847 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 80 (3")/165 mm		1 = LCD-Display	plug M12,
	1C = 6.5 3242 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 100 (4")/165 mm			4 pin 5 ¹⁾ = 5 m with plug M12, 4 pin
	2C = 6.5 6483 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 100 (4")/165 mm			
	1D = 9.8 4902 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 125 (5")/315 mm			
	2D = 9.8 9803 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 125 (5")/315 mm			$Z^{1)} = 10 \text{ m with}$
	1E = 14.37171 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 150 (6")/315 mm			plug M12,
	2E = 14.314343 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 150 (6")/315 mm			4 pin
ICAAT 4	1F = 24.1 12 051 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 200 (8")/315 mm	 F = R½" male at		
KMT-4 remote probe	2F = 24.1 24 101 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 200 (8")/315 mm	immersion		
(DN65 DN700)	1G = 38.3 19163 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 250 (10")/315 mm	probe		
	2G = 38.3 38325 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 250 (10")/315 mm			
	1H = 54.227 105 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 300 (12")/315 mm	_		
	2H = 54.254211 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 300 (12")/315 mm	4		
	1J = 65.232591 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 350 (14")/465 mm	_		
	2J = 65.2 65 183 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 350 (14")/465 mm	-		
	1K = 85.4 42719 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 400 (16")/465 mm	-		
	2K = 85.485438 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 400 (16")/465 mm	4		
	1L = 133.5 66749 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 500 (20")/465 mm	4		
	2L = 133.5 133498 Nm³/h for pipe DN 500 (20")/465 mm	-		
	1M = 193.4 96712 Nm³/h for pipe DN 600 (24") / 465 mm	-		
	2M = 193.4 193.425 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 600 (24")/465 mm	-		
	1N = 263.4 131 675 Nm ³ /h for pipe DN 700 (28")/465 mm	-		
	$2N = 263.4263350 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h} \text{ for pipe DN 700 } (28")/465 \text{ mm}$			

Order Details (continued) next page

6



Order Details (continued)

Medium	Unit	Physical Size Output 1	Physical Size Output 2	Output 1/ Output 2
L = air N = nitrogen C = CO ₂ H = helium	1 = SI units	N = standard volume flow [Nm³/h] (Standard setting) T = temperature [°C]	Q = consumption [Nm³] (Standard setting)	2 = switching-/counting pulse output 3 = analogue output 0-10 V/ counting pulse output 4 = analogue output 4-20 mA/ counting pulse output (Standard)
A = argon S ²⁾ = oxygen (only up to DN25) Y = other gases (on request)	2 = US units (e. g. SCFM, SFPM)	M = mass flow [kg/h] V = standard flow [Nm/s]	N = standard volume flow [Nm³/h] T = temperature [°C] M = mass flow [kg/h] V = standard flow [Nm/s]	1 = 2 x Switching output 7 = analogue output 0-10 V/ switching output 8 = analogue output 4-20 mA/ switching output

Order Details Replacement Sensor (Example: ERS-KMT-S 1 1 4 K)

Model	Design	Measuring range	Measuring sec- tion pipe diameter	Mounting
ERS-KMT-S	1 = sensor compact (direction of flow right to left) 2 = sensor compact (direction of flow left to right) 3 = remote probe (≤DN50) 4 = remote probe (DN65DN700)	range 1 = low 2 = high		K = for ball valve F = R½" male at immersion probe
			N = DN700	

Only for KMT-3... and KMT-4...

Only for KMT-3... and KMT-4...

Sensor head and ball valve (wetted parts) are oil-and grease-free. Warning: only oil-and grease-free cleaned devices may be used for oxygen Not possible with ½" and 1¼



Order Details Replacement Sensor Cable (Version KMT-3/4) (Example: ERS-KMT-K 2)

ΝЛ	_	~	

ERS-KMT-K 2 = 2 m with plug M12, 4-pin

ERS-KMT-K 5 = 5 m with plug M12, 4-pin

ERS-KMT-K Z = 10 m with plug M12, 4-pin

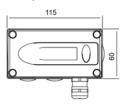
Order Details Accessories (for KMT-4)

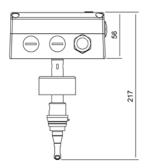
Model	Description	Picture/Drawing
ERS-KMT-AS65	tapping sleeve DN 65	
ERS-KMT-AS80	tapping sleeve DN 80	
ERS-KMT-AS1H	tapping sleeve DN 100	
ERS-KMT-AS1Z	tapping sleeve DN 125	V - 3
ERS-KMT-AS1F	tapping sleeve DN 150	
ERS-KMT-AS2H	tapping sleeve DN 200	
ERS-KMT-AS2F	tapping sleeve DN 250	10.0
ERS-KMT-AS3H	tapping sleeve DN 300	لمل لما
ERS-KMT-AN	welding nipple (stainless steel 1.4301)to be weld at the pipe G½ female/G¾ male	25 11 0 20 18 20 0 20 57
ERS-KMT-KH	ball valve G½/G¾ female union nut (brass) mounting and demounting under pressure without process interruption incl. flat gasket	20
ERS-KMT-KP	ball valve G½/G¾ female union nut (brass) for parallel measurement of pressure or dew point	Lateral fitting ****
ERS-KMT-AR15	adapter $R_p 1/2$ " (brass) female to $1/2$ " NPT male for process connection	16 14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15

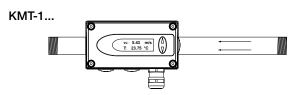


Dimensions [mm] (for KMT-1/2/3 i.e. ≤DN 50)

Compact KMT-1..., KMT-2...

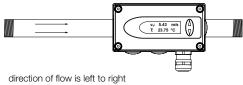




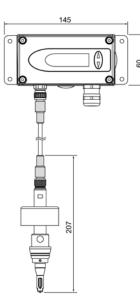


direction of flow is right to left

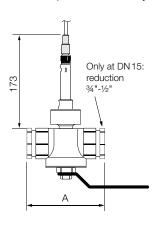
KMT-2...

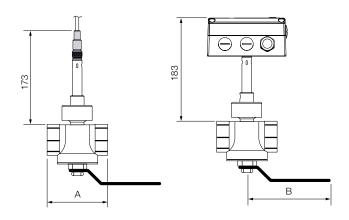


Remote probe KMT-3...



Ball valve for KMT-1/2/3 (Standard delivery scope)





Ball valve	Thread	A [mm]	B [mm]
DN15	R _p 1/2"	100±8	92
DN 20	R _p or NPT ¾"	72	92
DN 25	R _p or NPT 1"	83	124
DN 32	R _p 1 1/4"	100	124
DN 40	R _p or NPT 1½"	110	147
DN 50	R _p or NPT 2"	131	147

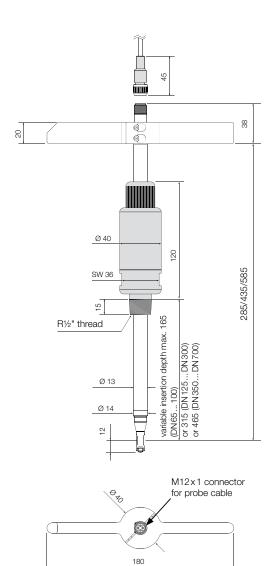
Female thread:

BSP thread acc. EN 10226 (old DIN 2999) or NPT

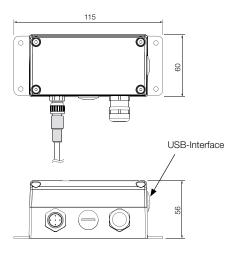


Dimensions [mm] (for KMT-4 i.e. DN 65 ... DN 300)

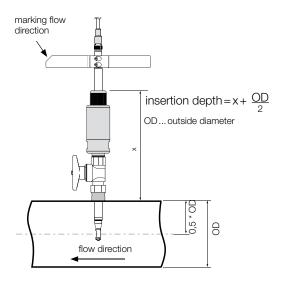
Sensor probe



Enclosure - signal conditioning unit



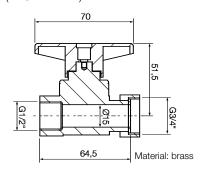
Assembly - insertion depth



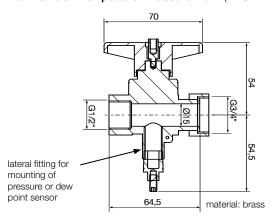


Dimensions [mm] (Accessories for KMT-4 i.e. DN 65... DN 300)

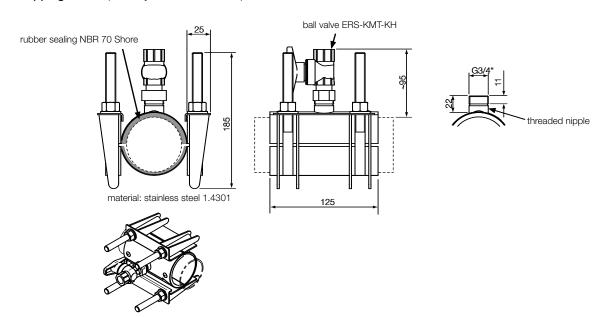
Ball valve 1/2" (ERS-KMT-KH)



Ball valve 1/2" for parallel measurement (ERS-KMT-KP)



Tapping sleeve (Delivery without ball valve)



Pipe	Clamping range [mm (inch)]		Max. working pre	essure
DN 65 (2½")	73-93	(2.87 - 3.66)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 80 (3")	86 - 106	(3.39-4.17)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 100 (4")	107 - 127	(4.21 - 5.00)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 125 (5")	128-148	(5.04 - 5.83)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 150 (6")	149-171	(5.87 - 6.73)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 200 (8")	216-236	(8.50 - 9.29)	16 bar (PN16)	(232psi)
DN 250 (10")	260-280	(10.24 - 11.02)	10 bar (PN10)	(145psi)
DN 300 (12")	315-335	(12.40 - 13.19)	10 bar (PN10)	(145psi)